

## Half $\Theta_{6}$ graph



2-1

## Half $\Theta_{6}$ graph



2-2

## Half $\Theta_{6}$ graph

$\qquad$


2-3

## Half $\Theta_{6}$ graph



2-4

## Half $\Theta_{6}$ graph







## $\Theta_{6}$ graph




## $\Theta$ rouṭing



## $\Theta$ rouṭing



## source

4-2

## $\Theta$ rouṭing



## source

4-3

## $\Theta$ rouṭing



## source

4-4
$\Theta$ rouṭing


## source

4-5
$\Theta$ rouṭing

source

4-6
$\Theta$ rouṭing


## source

4-7
$\Theta$ rouṭing


## source

4-8
$\Theta$ routing


5-1
$\Theta$ routing


5-2
$\Theta$ routing


5-3
$\Theta$ routing

Next point is closer Routing terminates


5-4
$\Theta$ routing

6-1

$\Theta$ routing

6-2

$\Theta$ routing

6-3

$\Theta$ routing

6-4

$\Theta$ routing

6-5

$\Theta$ routing

6-6


## $\Theta$ routing

Unbounded length

6-7


# $\dot{\Theta}$ routing 




Expected length for Poisson distribution •


# $\dot{\Theta}$ routing 

Expected length for Poisson distribution •


## Routing in half $\Theta_{6}$

Positive routing


Negative routing

## Routing in half $\Theta_{6}$

Positive routing $\leq 2$


Negative routing $\quad \leq \frac{5}{\sqrt{3}} \simeq 2.89$
[Bose, Fagerberg, van Renssen, Verdonschot]

8-2

## Our contribution

Two tools: forward routing and side routing New negative routing algorithms
same worst-case bound

Probabilistic analysis for Poisson distribution
positive routing
new negative routings




Forward rout


## Side routing

Given target, direction, edge crossing from - to +


11-1

## Side routing

Given target, direction, edge crossing from - to +


11-2

## Side routing

Given target, direction, edge crossing from - to + Use boundary of triangles crossing the ray

$11-3$

## Side routing

Given target, direction, edge crossing from - to +
Use boundary of triangles crossing the ray


Bicolor path, empty certifying triangles aligned on ray

11-4

## Side routing

Given target, direction, edge crossing from - to + Use boundary of triangles crossing the ray


11-5
upper bound on the length of the path

## Side routing

Given target, direction, edge crossing from - to + Use boundary of triangles crossing the ray


11-6 upper bound on the length of the path
$\leq 2$

## Side routing

Does not work from +
Given target, direction, edge crossing from - to $+{ }^{\text {to }}$ -
Use boundary of triangles crossing the ray



11-7

Side routing
Does not work from +
Given target, direction, edge crossing from - to + $+{ }^{\text {to }}$
Use boundary of triangles crossing the ray

cannot use circumtriangle to bound length

11-8

Side routing
Does not work from +
Given target, direction, edge crossing from - to $+{ }^{\text {to - }}$
Use boundary of triangles crossing the ray

cannot use circumtriangle to bound length path is not bicolor
11-9

## Positive routing



12-1

## Positive routing



12-2

## Positive routing

Forward routing


12-3

## Positive routing

Forward routing

+ Side routing


12-4

## Positive routing

Forward routing

+ Side routing
Length=


12-5

## Positive routing

Forward routing

+ Side routing


12-6

## Positive routing

Forward routing

+ Side routing



12-7

## Positive routing

Forward routing

+ Side routing Length $=\sharp+2 \times \leadsto$

Stretch $\leq 2$


12-8

Negative routing


13-1

Negative routing

$13-2$

Negative routing
wlog $\nabla \leq \nabla$

$13-3$

## Negative routing

wlog $\nabla \leq \nabla$


13-4

## Negative routing

wlog $\nabla \leq \nabla$


13-5

## Negative routing

wlog $\nabla \leq \nabla$


13-6

## Negative routing

wlog $\nabla \leq \nabla$


13-7

## Negative routing

$$
w \log \nabla \leq \nabla
$$



13-8

## Negative routing

$$
w \log \nabla \leq \nabla
$$



13-9

## Negative routing

${ }^{w \log } \nabla \leq \nabla$


13-10

Negative routing
wlog $\nabla \leq \nabla$


13-11

Negative routing
wlog

$$
\nabla \leq \nabla
$$



13-12

Negative routing
wlog $\nabla \leq \nabla$

$13-13$

Negative routing
wlog $\nabla \leq \nabla$


13-14

Negative routing
wlog $\nabla \leq \nabla$

$13-15$

## Memoryless negative routing



14-1

## Memoryless negative routing

forward phase in green direction


14-2

## Memoryless negative routing

forward phase in green direction side phase in redłblue direction

14-3

## Memoryless negative routing



14-4

## Memoryless negative routing


$14-5$

## 1-Memory negative routing



15-1

## 1-Memory negative routing



15-2

## 1-Memory negative routing

side phase in green-blue direction side phase in red-blue direction
$15-3$

## 1-Memory negative routing

side phase in green-blue direction side phase in red blue direction

Length $\leq$ V


15-4

## 1-Memory negative routing

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { side phase in green- } \\
& \text { side phase in red } \\
& \text { Length } \leq \mathrm{V}+7
\end{aligned}
$$

$15-5$

## Probabilistic analysis

## Expected length?

16

## Forward routing



17-1

## Forward routing

With high probability

$17-2$

## Forward routing

With high probability
stretch close to $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{12}(3 \ln 3+4)$
$17-3$

## Forward routing

With high probability
stretch close to $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{12}(3 \ln 3+4)$
path terminates in a square of side $\tilde{O}\left(\lambda^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)$
17-4

## Forward routing

## Proof:

Independance
Expected slope of one edge

With high probability
stretch close to $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{12}(3 \ln 3+4)$
path terminates in a square of side $\tilde{O}\left(\lambda^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)$
17-5

Side routing

$18-1$

Side routing


With high probability

18-2

Side routing


With high probability
stretch close to $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{12}(3 \ln 3+4)$

18-3

## Side routing

## 


stretch close to $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{12}(3 \ln 3+4)$
Proof:


## $\Theta_{6}$ routing



19-1

## $\Theta_{6}$ routing



19-2

## $\Theta_{6}$ routing



19-3

## Positive routing



20-1

## Positive routing



20-2

## Positive routing



20-3

## Memoryless negative routing



21-1

## Memoryless negative routing



21-2

## Memoryless negative routing

Forward + Side

$21-3$

## 1-Memory negative routing



22-1

## 1-Memory negative routing



22-2

## 1-Memory negative routing

Side + Side

$22-3$


## Expected length (Poisson distribution)

| Routing | Max on $\phi$ | Averaging on $\phi$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\Theta_{6}$ |  |  |
| Positive |  |  |
| Memoryless neg. |  |  |
| 1-Memory neg. |  |  |

24-1

## Expected length (Poisson distribution)

| Routing |  | Max on $\phi$ | Averaging on $\phi$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\Theta_{6}$ | $\infty$ |  |  |
| Positive | 2 |  |  |
| Memoryless neg. | $\frac{5}{\sqrt{3}}$ |  |  |
| 1-Memory neg. |  |  |  |
| $\uparrow$ |  |  |  |
| $24-2$ |  |  |  |

## Expected length (Poisson distribution)

| Routing |  | Max on $\phi$ | Averaging on $\phi$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\Theta_{6}$ | $\infty$ | $\frac{1}{6}(3 \ln 3+4) \simeq 1.2160$ |  |
| Positive | 2 |  |  |
| Memoryless neg | $\frac{5}{\sqrt{3}}$ |  |  |
| 1-Memory neg. |  | $\frac{1}{6}(3 \ln 3+4) \simeq 1.2160$ |  |
| $24-3 \bigcap_{\text {Worst-case }}$ |  |  |  |

## Expected length (Poisson distribution)

| Routing |  | Max on $\phi$ | Averaging on $\phi$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\Theta_{6}$ | $\infty$ | $\frac{1}{6}(3 \ln 3+4) \simeq 1.2160$ | $\frac{1}{2 \pi}(3 \ln 3+4) \simeq 1.1612$ |
| Positive | 2 |  | $\begin{array}{r} \frac{1}{\pi}(2 \sqrt{3}-3)(3 \ln 3+4) \\ \\ \\ \simeq 1.0778 \end{array}$ |
| Memoryless neg. | $\frac{5}{\sqrt{3}}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \left.\left.\begin{array}{c} \frac{3(\sqrt{3}-1)}{4 \pi}(3 \ln 3 \end{array}\right)+4\right) \\ \simeq 1.2751 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 1-Memory neg. | 2.89 | $\frac{1}{6}(3 \ln 3+4) \simeq 1.2160$ | $\frac{1}{2 \pi}(3 \ln 3+4) \simeq 1.1612$ |
| $24-4 \bigcap_{\text {Worst-case }}$ |  |  |  |

